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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN			
2	SOUTHERN DIVISION			
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4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,			
5	Plaintiff,			
6	-v- Case No. 23-cr-20152			
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8	JACK EUGENE CARPENTER, III,			
9	Defendant. /			
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11	HEARING ON MOTION FOR COMPETENCY EVALUATION			
12	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARK A. GOLDSMITH			
13	Detroit, Michigan, Tuesday, June 6th, 2023.			
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15	APPEARANCES:			
16	FOR THE PLAINTIFF: FRANCES LEE CARLSON			
17	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 211 West Fort Street			
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19				
20	FOR THE DEFENDANT: JEAN PIERRE NOGUES, III Federal Community Defender			
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24	David B. Yarbrough, CSR, FCRR			
25	Official Court Reporter (313) 234-2619			

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Detroit, Michigan. 1 2 Tuesday, June 6th, 2023. 3 At or about 3:39 p.m. 4 5 THE CLERK OF THE COURT: Please rise. The United 6 States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan is 7 now in session, the Honorable Mark Goldsmith presiding. You may be seated. 8 9 The Court calls case number 23-20152, United States 10 of America versus Jack Carpenter. Counsel, please place your 11 appearances on the record. 12 MS. CARLSON: Good afternoon, your Honor Francis Carlson appearing on behalf of the United States. 13 14 MR. NOGUES: And good afternoon, your Honor. Jean Pierre Noques from the Federal Defender's Office on behalf of 15 16 Jack Carpenter who stands to my left. 17 THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon, everybody. 18 We are here on the government's motion for a competency 19 evaluation and I read the submissions. Let me ask if the 20 government has any additional input to make at this point? 21 MS. CARLSON: Just a little argument, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Go ahead. MS. CARLSON: Your Honor, under the Insanity Defense 23 Reform Act, the Court shall grant the government's motion if 24 25 there is reasonable cause to believe that the defendant either

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does not have sufficient present ability to consult with his lawyer with a reasonable degree of rational understanding or he does not have a rational as well as factual understanding of the proceeding against him and if there is reasonable cause, then the Court has a duty to inquire into the defendant's competency and should order an evaluation as part of that inquiry so the Court has a sufficient basis to make the ultimate determination as to the defendant's competency.

The reasonable cause in this case is based on a lot of the information that was set forth in the government's motion and reply which include the nature of the defendant's tweets that were described in the motion such as the CIA assigning the defendant a girlfriend, drugging her and offering her a promotion to marry a fake or copycat Jack Carpenter, that there is a plot by Jewish people and the Michigan State Police to kill him and that he is the sovereign of his own new state in which he is the king and the state being called the Kingdom of Heaven and that he is the king of Israel and these beliefs which add to the reasonable cause calculus are also set forth in a 15-page declaration of sovereignty that was included in his tweets and I do have a copy for the Court if the Court wishes to see. Also the same somewhat irrational beliefs, whether other people in the world espouse these beliefs as well, are also set -- are echoed in the pleadings that this Court has struck. I think the fact that the Court has struck

now five pleadings and the defendant not understanding the nature of his representation and the Court, umm, the Court's first order striking the pleadings and why the pleadings were struck is something to consider in the reasonable cause calculus. Some of these pleadings indicated that the State Department has verbally acknowledged that the defendant's sovereignty argument is valid, that the COVID vaccine is being used by Israel against the United States as a biological weapon and that this criminal prosecution related to threats that he tweeted is some part of conspiracy related to the COVID vaccine and that he in essence is the puppeteer of this prosecution and predicted how the government would proceed in the prosecution and these same claims are echoed in the letter that was filed on the docket as ECF 28 that the defendant wrote directly to the United States attorney.

In all of these statements, the defendant has exhibited what appeared to be paranoia and delusions and at a minimum it's clear that he cannot separate whatever he believes in regarding the COVID vaccine and his sovereign state from the reality of the legal proceedings in this case and on top of that, this was included in the government's motion, the defendant's mother has stated that the defendant's grandmother was diagnosed with paranoid schizophrenia and that the defendant's mother believes that the defendant is exhibiting similar or the same symptoms as his grandmother did. This also

adds to the the Court's reasonable cause determination.

If based on all of this the Court finds that there's reasonable cause that the defendant may have a mental defect that affects his rational and factual understanding of the proceedings against him or his ability to assist in his defense, then the Court has to inquire into the defendant's competency and should order an evaluation to assist in that determination.

Now the government has no, does not know if the defendant is competent to stand trial or not and the government certainly does not have a stake in having him declared incompetent. If he's declared competent, the government will proceed with the prosecution. If he's not, then in order to protect his due process rights then he should be declared incompetent and not held to stand trial, so the government has no stake in what the ultimate determination is, but based on the reasons described there certainly is reasonable cause to believe that he could be incompetent and would justify the Court having a competency hearing and an evaluation to assist in that determination that the Court has to make.

THE COURT: All right. How about for the defense?

MR. NOGUES: Your Honor, for the most part we will rely on our briefing. There are three points that I wanted to bring up. The first is something that I neglected to address properly in my response, but that Mr. Carpenter pointed out to

me and that is that it appears incredibly improper for the government to point to somebody's belief in tarot card readings as evidence that they somehow suffer from mental illness or are legally incompetent. I address that in my response, but the thing that I wanted to add is that for Mr. Carpenter, that represents a core part of his religious beliefs and we think that in a country that protects freedom of religion, it is extremely problematic for the government to be citing somebody's religious beliefs as, as evidence of legal incompetence so I specifically wanted to address that point in addition to what I raised in my response.

To just address like a few of the remarks by the government that they added today, you know, this, this standard of whether or not the, if there's reasonable cause to believe that the defendant can have, has a rational understanding of the proceedings against him and can have a, engage in a rational discourse with his defense attorney, I mean, I can tell you for sure that we are able to engage in rational discourse. We've talked about this case. We don't agree on all of the legal arguments, but Mr. Carpenter has been nothing but rational in having those discussions with me about legal strategy.

He is fully aware of the nature of this case. He's fully aware of the consequences of being convicted of the charges against him and I don't believe that the government has

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made any showing to believe that just because again he has certain political and legal theories that he's vocalized either in filings to the Court or in social media, that that means that he doesn't still have a rational understanding of his situation and our legal system and I do want to point out that the government argued that the fact that he's had several motions recently that he filed himself struck, the fact that he keeps on filing them, he didn't know that they were struck. told him today for the first time. He had no awareness that the filings that he had made to the Court were struck. a lot of different things that he wanted to file with the Court and he filed all of them and he's finding out today that they were struck, so that is not a factor in terms of an irrational understanding of what's going on. He fully understands that the Court did strike those motions. Not only that, he understands why because we had a discussion about the fact that I am his representative and that he cannot file motions pro se when he is represented and that's specifically why one of the motions that he filed was asking the Court to allow him to represent himself pro se with me as advisory counsel because as he said in that motion, he anticipated that otherwise the Court would not allow him to file those motions. So I actually think it speaks to quite a perceptive understanding of how the Court or the system was going to react to the filings that he made and again whether or not those filings are agreed with by the

parties or whether or not the Court finds them to have legal validity or not, he understands what's going on and so I don't think that that establishes reasonable cause he doesn't have rational understanding.

I don't take much -- I don't put much credence in his mother making a comment to ATF or FBI or whoever it was that she thinks that because his grandmother had suffered from mental illness, that he must also. Obviously there's a strained relationship here, right? The mother was one of the people who contacted law enforcement in the first place so I don't know how much credibility the Court should really be giving to that when making a determination if Mr. Carpenter is going to be shipped off for what likely be months into some sort of psychiatric hospital within the Bureau of Prisons in order to do an evaluation that there really isn't enough of a basis to go on. Simply because the government doesn't like the things that he's saying and they think that those things constitute a crime doesn't mean that he's legally incompetent.

The last thing, your Honor, the Court has struck Mr. Carpenter's motion to represent himself in pro se, we understand that. Mr. Carpenter is still asking the Court if in its discretion it would allow him to speak on his own behalf at this hearing now and I told him that I would pass on that request to the Court.

THE COURT: All right. Are you done at this point?

1 MR. NOGUES: Yes, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: All right. Anything further from the 3 government? 4 MS. CARLSON: No, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: All right. Does the government have any 6 objection to Mr. Carpenter making a statement at this point? 7 MS. CARLSON: No, your Honor. 8 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, Mr. Carpenter. 9 THE DEFENDANT: I would just like to add that in our 10 first discussion with defense counsel, umm, as I outlined in 11 one of the motions that I did file that got struck that I 12 informed defense counsel of what the first motion was going to 13 be against me in this case, that they were going to challenge 14 my mental state. I had -- that exchange took place almost a 15 full month before the prosecutor even mentioned to defense 16 counsel that that's what they were going to do in my case and 17 additionally, when I spoke of the U.S. State Department 18 acknowledging the legal claim regarding sovereignty, it's 19 because I called them. I spoke to them on the phone. I 20 explained to them the legal argument and what took place 21 leading up to that phone call. Their reply was that they were 22 curious as to whether or not the federal government responded 23 which I explained to them under the Department of Defense log or manual that it outlines international law that silence was 24 25 ascent. They said that I was absolutely correct in that and

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then walked me through the process to obtain a nonimmigrant visa from the country that I founded to enter back into the United States at which time I pointed out that due to their rules, it requires an in-person interview at the end of the filing in order to obtain the visa which I pointed out that there was no American consulate on the property that I claimed. They said that I was absolutely correct about that, that they hadn't considered that, put me on hold for 20 minutes and then came back with a 1-800 number for me to call for when I reached that part in, umm, the filing. When I stated that I, that the Department of Justice is aware of that is because every e-mail that I sent in regards to this, umm, this issue with the government, the -- I sent e-mails to the Joint Chiefs of Staff as well as the Department of Justice itself, not directly to the U.S. attorney. I don't remember the exact e-mail address, but it is, it is the Department of Justice e-mail address so they have, had received in November an e-mail that outlines that the government was already interacting with me as the head of state of a foreign government and now in February, suddenly I'm not anymore which that in itself also creates a Constitutional issue where I am not informed whether or not my actions would be legal or not if the government is interacting with me as the head of a foreign government and allowing me to enter or to take part in processes that are, umm, that are outlined for foreign governments in order to enter back on to

American soil and then announcing publicly that the head of state of a foreign government is immune from U.S. courts as they did on November 18th, 2022. Then the prosecutor filing charges against me claiming that none of that is valid and it's a delusion that's in my mind creates an issue where I have no way to be informed whether or not my actions are actually lawful until they're determined by a court of law.

I do want to add on there that even the complaint itself acknowledged that there was a challenge to jurisdiction over my person which I have brought up at every judicial interaction, the last one with the magistrate. I was told that it would be settled in this court by yourself, your Honor, and in the motion that was filed against me for competency that was used as evidence of a reasonable belief that I'm not aware of what's going on and if jurisdiction is lacking, then competency is irrelevant.

THE COURT: Well, what I'm going to do is direct the attorneys to file, umm, I should say submit proposed orders that will contain whatever findings regarding facts and any conclusions of law that you would like me to draw. I'll ask you how long you think it would take to do that. How long would the government need?

MS. CARLSON: Umm, could we have, umm -- can I look at my calendar on my phone?

THE COURT: Sure, go ahead.

1 (Pause) MS. CARLSON: Next Thursday, June 15th? 2 3 THE COURT: All right. Is that enough time for the defense, too? 4 5 MR. NOGUES: That's fine, your Honor. 6 THE COURT: Okay. So if you will submit those via 7 the utilities function and cite whatever evidence it is that 8 you'd like me to take into account, make whatever arguments or 9 propositions you want me to draw in your favor and it'll be in 10 the form of an opinion and order and then I will be issuing my 11 own order after taking into account what it is you're 12 proposing. 13 I wanted to raise an issue with the government. 14 There's reference to some evidence that the government has, but 15 didn't include in the submissions some Twitter material and 16 maybe there's other material. Is there any reason that cannot 17 simply be submitted? Does it have to be submitted under seal? 18 Is there anything confidential about it? 19 MS. CARLSON: Not that I can think of sitting here, 20 but we can submit that as exhibits to our motion. 21 THE COURT: All right and has the defense seen all of 22 that. MR. NOGUES: I believe so, your Honor. I've been 23 24 given discovery by the government. 25 THE COURT: Okay. So I'd like to see whatever it is

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     that the government or the defense has that they would like me
     to take into account in deciding this motion. As part of the
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     submissions, I would like you to address whatever
     jurisdictional issues you think are necessary. Since there's
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     at least a suggestion here of no jurisdiction, I'd like to know
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     what the government thinks is basis for me to grant this motion
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     at this stage in the proceedings with respect to the
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     jurisdictional challenge that at least I've heard here and I
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     know there was something filed on that and I know it was struck
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     and if the defense submission wants to address that as well,
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     it's free to address that as well.
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              MS. CARLSON: Your Honor, could the jurisdictional
     issue be addressed separately? I -- it's hard for the
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     government to address the jurisdictional issue when we're not
     aware of what the issue is. As far as the government is
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     concerned there is no issue, so if defense counsel wants to
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     file a motion challenging jurisdiction for this case, then the
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     government can appropriately respond, but I know it's been
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     raised in some of the struck pleadings, but once they were
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     struck, I don't think I have access to them.
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                           I understand. Does the defense want to
              THE COURT:
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     file that as a motion at this point?
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              MR. NOGUES: I'll discuss that with my client, your
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     Honor.
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              THE COURT: All right, then that's fine.
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it's an issue that should be addressed, then let's see if the defense wants to file a motion through counsel about that.

MS. CARLSON: I guess we're, not related, but kind of a separate issue that was raised today was I guess it was mentioned that in one of the defendant's struck pleadings that there was some request that he be allowed to represent himself. I don't think I saw that pleading before it was struck so I guess if that is still the defendant's desire, then perhaps that should be addressed separately as well since he does have a right to represent himself and he's raised it apparently.

THE COURT: All right. Well, we have a, it seems to me a bit of a chicken and egg problem because the government's raised an issue regarding a defendant's competency and he apparently is raising a request to represent himself. I don't know -- if I agree with the government that there's reason to believe he's not competent to stand trial and needs to be evaluated, I don't know if I could at the same time recognize a right for him to represent himself. Doesn't that seem like a bit of a contradiction?

MS. CARLSON: I agree that the competency issue has to be decided first before addressing a request to represent himself if he is in fact making that request.

MR. NOGUES: And in the discussion that we've had on this your Honor is that like also, we also agree that because the government has raised this issue, that is an issue about

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     whether or not to evaluate him that the Court would have to
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     address first. Having said that, it doesn't take away from
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     Mr. Carpenter's jurisdictional argument, but the Court can't
     allow him to address it himself pro se until the Court has
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     determined if he's, if there's a competency issue to be
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     evaluated.
                 So we are, umm, we understand that the Court may
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     not be able to rule on that particular issue yet, that that has
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     to be pending.
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              THE COURT: All right. I think we should address
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     competency first and we're going to let the defense through
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     counsel decide whether to file a motion regarding jurisdiction
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     and then regarding Mr. Carpenter's request, I know he's filed a
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     lot of things handwritten and what he put in his papers
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     wouldn't necessarily control anyways, but I'll take the defense
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     at its word that somewhere buried in all those papers are a
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     request to represent himself, but he's made that statement here
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     or through counsel, he's made the statement here so I
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     understand it's on the agenda for us to consider, but we're not
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     going to consider it today. We'll find another time to take it
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     up if and when that's appropriate. All right, is there
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     anything else either side wants to raise at this point?
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              MS. CARLSON: Nothing from the government.
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     you.
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              MR. NOGUES: One moment, your Honor.
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               (Pause)
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              MR. NOGUES: Nothing further, your Honor.
               THE COURT: All right. Then we'll wait to see what
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     you submit. My thanks to Mr. Yarbrough, Ms. Sandusky and
     Mr. Olmsted for their assistance this afternoon. That
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     concludes our hearing. Thank you.
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              MS. CARLSON: Thank you.
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               (Hearing concluded at 4:06 p.m.)
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I, David B. Yarbrough, Official Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages comprise a true and accurate transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Tuesday, June 6th, 2023. /s/ David B. Yarbrough 8/14/2023 Date David B. Yarbrough, (CSR, RPR, FCRR, RMR) 231 W. Lafayette Blvd. Detroit, MI 48226